

## Systematic List of the Birds of Ria de Alvor 2020

**Guillaume RETHORE** 



A total of 178 species of birds, out of the 320 seen, were registered in the Ria de Alvor Natura 2000 site in 2020, the lowest total since 2012 and no new species was added to the site list.

In 2020, the dyke remained broken and the situation worsened in March when the access to the saltpans became impossible, impacting the bird counts. Then, the lockdown led to a decrease in the number of data collected. That may be why there were no observation of Cuckoo (*Cuculus canorus*), for the 1<sup>st</sup> time since 2006, or Wood Sandpiper (*Tringa galreola*) this year and very few sightings of Greater Short-toed Lark (*Calandrella brachydactyla*). In September, work to repair the dyke started and is still on-going in March 2021, still allowing the Western Upper Marsh to flood.

Highlights for 2020 were: the first Common Eider (*Somateria molissima*) since 1998, a Lesser Yellowlegs (*Tringa flavipes*) which had been seen at the end of 2019 and a Goshawk (*Accipiter gentilis*), not seen since 2011.

Other interesting records were: record numbers of Flamingos (*Phoenicopterus roseus*), Turnstones (*Arenaria interpres*), Spoonbills (*Platalea leucorodia*) and Little Egrets (*Egretta garzetta*), very low numbers of Avocets (*Recurvirostra avosetta*) for the 2<sup>nd</sup> consecutive year, the almost continuous presence of Curlews (*Numenius arquata*) and Great White Egret (*Ardea alba*), the first Little Bittern (*Ixobrychus minutus*) since 2015, the wintering of at least one Booted Eagle (*Hieraaetus pennatus*), the many sightings of Bonelli's Eagle (*Aquila fasciata*), a very late record of a Wryneck (*Jynx torquilla*), the first Jay (*Garrulus glandarius*) since 2016, the possible local breeding of Long-tailed Tit (*Aegithalos caudatus*), the early and late records of Nightingales (*Luscinia megarhynchos*), the first Gadwall (*Mareca strepera*) since 2012 and the first Stock Dove (*Columba oenas*) since 2014.

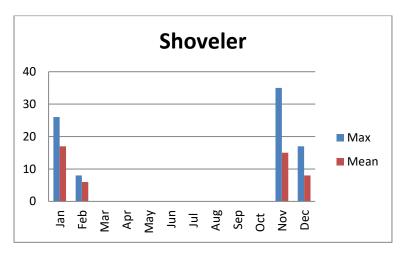
A few birds carrying rings were noted this year: Flamingo, Kentish Plover (*Charadrius alexandrinus*), Blacktailed Godwit (*Limosa limosa*), Sanderling (*Calidris alba*), Yellow-legged Gull (*Larus michahellis*), White Stork (*Ciconia ciconia*), Spoonbill, Osprey (*Pandion haliaetus*) and Garden Warbler (*Sylvia borin*).

The complete bird list for 2020 is described below (bird names according to Gill F, D Donsker & P Rasmussen (Eds). 2020. IOC World Bird List (v10.2)



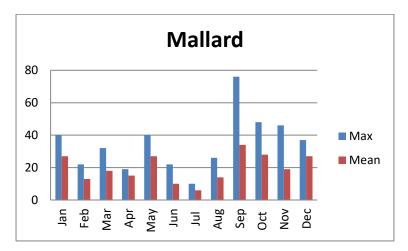
**Common Shelduck** *Tadorna tadorna*: Up to 6 birds present between January and the beginning of May, then 2 birds seen in December.

**Northern Shoveler** *Spatula clypeata*: Present from January until mid-February, with a maximum of 26 in January at Abicada, then present from mid-November until the end of the year (maximum of 35 in November).



**Gadwall** *Mareca strepera*: 1 at Montes de Alvor reservoir on the 20<sup>th</sup> of September.

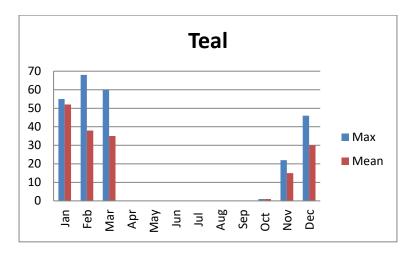
Mallard Anas platyrhynchos: Present all year.



**Northern Pintail** *Anas acuta*: 1 on the 19<sup>th</sup> of February and 1 on the 11<sup>th</sup> of November, both at Montes de Alvor reservoir.



**Eurasian Teal** *Anas crecca*: Present from January until mid-March, with a maximum of 68 on the 21<sup>st</sup> of February at Abicada. Then, present from the end of October until the end of the year, with a maximum of 46 on the 5<sup>th</sup> of December.



**Common Eider** *Somateria molissima*: 1 male at the estuary on the 15<sup>th</sup> of May.

**Common Scoter** *Melanitta nigra*: 1 on the 2<sup>nd</sup> of August seen from Meia-Praia.

Red-legged Partridge Alectoris rufa: Present all year.

**Common Quail** *Coturnix coturnix*: Heard between March and mid-June.



**Red-necked Nightjar** *Caprimulgus ruficollis*: First heard on the 22<sup>nd</sup> of April and then present until the end of August, 1 bird on the 30<sup>th</sup> of September.



**Alpine Swift** *Tachymarptis melba*: Present from the beginning of March (the first one was seen on the 3<sup>rd</sup>) until the end of August. Then, 1 on the 26<sup>th</sup> of October.





**Common Swift** *Apus apus*: Present from the end of March (the first one was seen on the 30<sup>th</sup>) until the beginning of September. 1 bird on the 6<sup>th</sup> of October and 1 on the 14<sup>th</sup> of November by the Western Marsh.



**Pallid Swift** *Apus pallidus*: Present from the beginning of March (the first one was seen on the 1<sup>st</sup>) until the end of September.

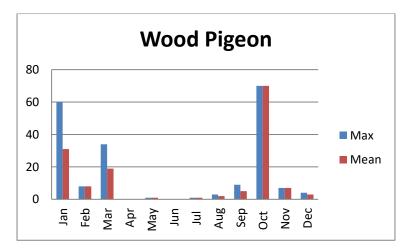


**Great Spotted Cuckoo** *Clamator glandarius*: 1 on the 5<sup>th</sup> of August at Montes de Alvor.

Feral Pigeon Columba livia: Present all year.

Stock Dove Columba oenas: 27 on the 31st of October at Abicada

**Common Wood Pigeon** *Columba palumbus*: seen all year except in April and June, mostly at Abicada. Maximum of 70 birds in October.



**European Turtle Dove** *Streptopelia turtur*: 3 sightings between mid-August and the end of September, always 1 bird.

Eurasian Collared Dove Streptopelia decaocto: Present all year.

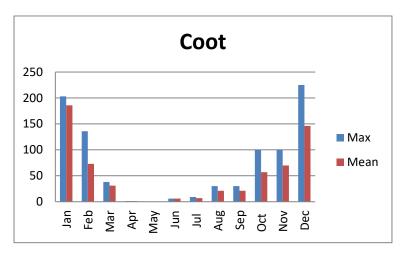
**Water Rail** *Rallus aquaticus*: Heard or seen between January and June and between October and the end of the year.





**Common Moorhen** *Gallinula chloropus*: Present all year. Maximum of 15 birds at Abicada.

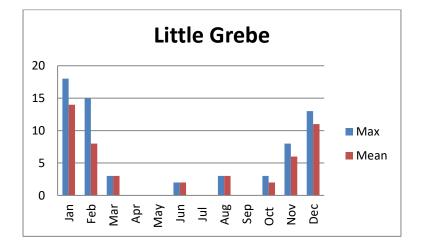
**Eurasian Coot** *Fulica atra*: Seen all year, except in May and July, with bigger numbers in winter and autumn (maximum of 203 birds on the 3<sup>rd</sup> of January and 225 on the 25<sup>th</sup> of December). All the sightings are from Montes de Alvor reservoir.



**Western Swamphen** *Porphyrio porphyrio*: Seen at Abicada between January and March, in May, June and October with a maximum of 6 birds in January.

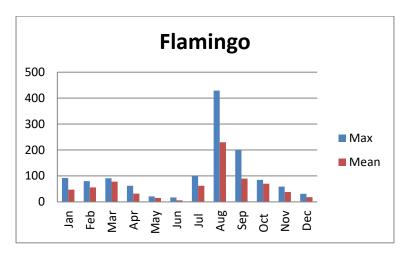


**Little Grebe** *Tachybaptus ruficollis*: Seen between January and the beginning of March, with a maximum of 18 at Abicada in January. Then, 2 birds seen in June, 3 in August, and present between October and the end of the year with a maximum of 10 at Abicada.



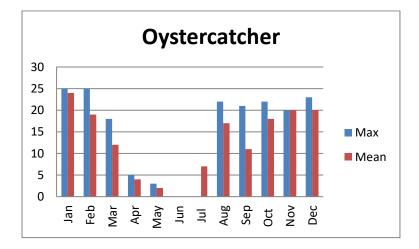


**Greater Flamingo** *Phoenicopterus roseus*: Present all year, with a maximum of 429 on the 8<sup>th</sup> of August at Abicada, a new record. 47 ringed birds have been controlled over the year (45 from Spain and 2 from France).



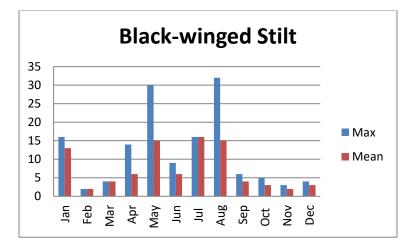
**Eurasian Stone Curlew** *Burhinus oedicnemus*: Heard or seen between February and the end of the year with a maximum of 25 birds at Abicada on the 7<sup>th</sup> of December.

**Eurasian Oystercatcher** *Haematopus ostralegus*: Present all year except in June and July with maximums of 25 in January and February and 23 in December.





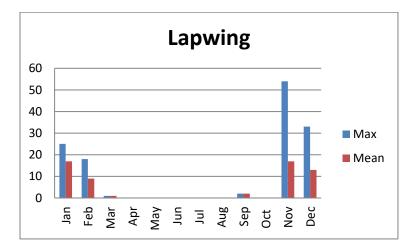
**Black-winged Stilt** *Himantopus himantopus*: Present all year, with a maximum of 32 birds on the 2<sup>nd</sup> of August at Abicada.



**Pied Avocet** *Recurvirostra avosetta*: Present in March (2 birds), May (2 birds), June (6 birds), September (maximum of 2 birds) and October (3 birds).

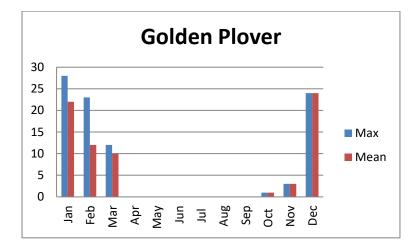


**Northern Lapwing** *Vanellus vanellus*: Present from January to the end of March, and then again from the end of September until the end of the year; maximum of 25 on the 2<sup>nd</sup> of January and 54 on the 22<sup>nd</sup> of November.

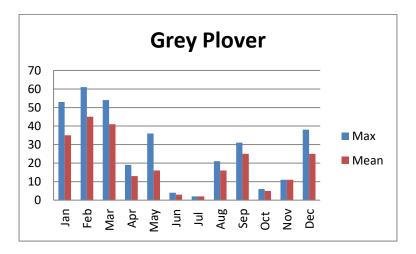




**European Golden Plover** *Pluvialis apricaria*: Present between January and mid-March, with a maximum of 28 on the 27<sup>th</sup> of January near Cruzinha. Then, present from mid-October until the end of the year with a maximum of 24 on the 11<sup>th</sup> of December at the Western Marsh.

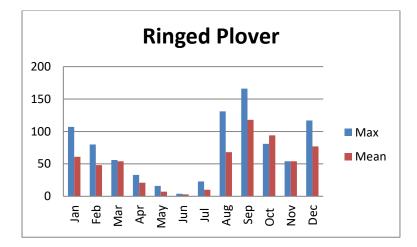


**Grey Plover** *Pluvialis squatarola*: Present all year, with maximums of 31 on the 11<sup>th</sup> of February and 38 on the 2<sup>nd</sup> of December, both at the Western Marsh.



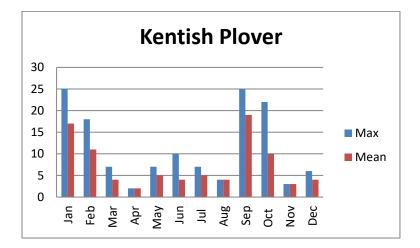


**Common Ringed Plover** *Charadrius hiaticula*: Present all year, with higher numbers in autumn and winter (maximum of 107 on the 28<sup>th</sup> of January and 166 on the 1<sup>st</sup> of September).

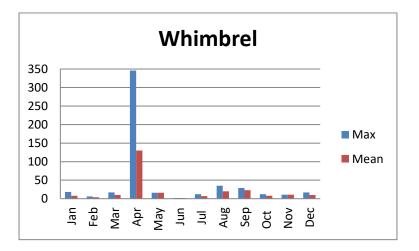


**Little Ringed Plover** *Charadrius dubius*: 3 sightings: 2 on the 16<sup>th</sup> of February at Odiáxere saltpans, 1 on the 13<sup>th</sup> of September and 1 on the 26<sup>th</sup> of October, both at Abicada.

**Kentish Plover** *Charadrius alexandrinus*: Present all year, with a maximum of 25 in January and September. 1 bird ringed in France was controlled during the year.





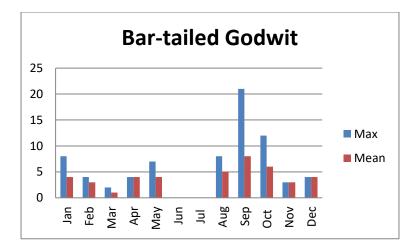


Eurasian Whimbrel Numenius phaeopus: Present all year. Migration peaked in April with 346 on the 15<sup>th</sup>.

**Eurasian Curlew** *Numenius arquata*: Maximum of 2 birds between January and April and then between July and the end of the year.

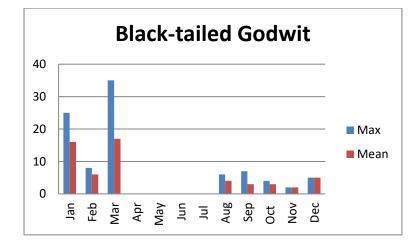


**Bar-tailed Godwit** *Limosa lapponica*: Present between January and May (maximum of 8 on the 2<sup>nd</sup> of January), and between August and the end of the year (maximum of 21 of the 23<sup>rd</sup> of September).

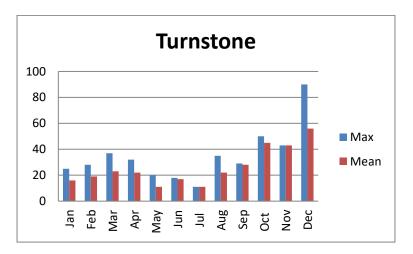




**Black-tailed Godwit** *Limosa limosa*: Present between January and the end of March (maximum of 35 birds on the 4<sup>th</sup> of March at Abicada), and from August until the end of the year (a maximum of 7 on the 28<sup>th</sup> of September at Abicada). 1 bird from the Netherlands was controlled during the year.

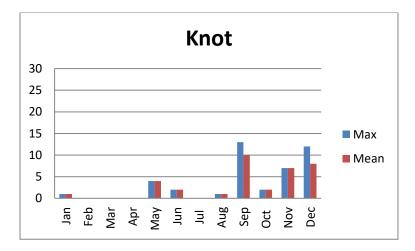


**Ruddy Turnstone** Arenaria interpres: Present all year, with maximums of 37 on the 11<sup>th</sup> of March and 90 on the 15<sup>th</sup> of September, a new record.





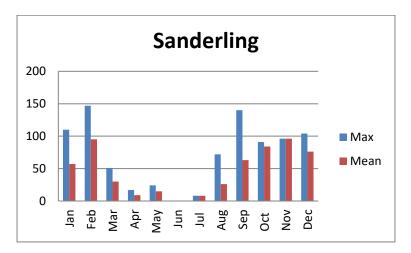
**Red Knot** *Calidris canutus*: Present in January, May, June, and between August and the end of the year (maximum of 13 on the 6<sup>th</sup> of September).



**Ruff** *Calidris pugnax*: 1 sighting during the year: 2 on the 28<sup>th</sup> of September.

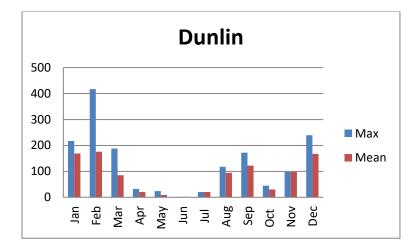
**Curlew Sandpiper** *Calidris ferruginea*: Seen between August and October and in December, maximum of 6 birds on the 2<sup>nd</sup> of August at Abicada.

**Sanderling** *Calidris alba*: Present all year except in June with maximums of 147 in February and 140 in September. 1 bird ringed in the Netherlands was controlled during the year.



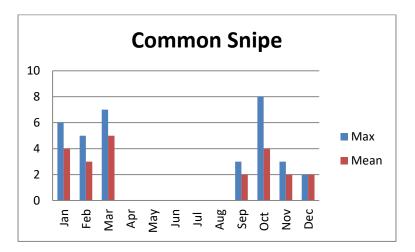


**Dunlin** *Calidris alpina*: Present all year, with higher numbers in autumn and winter (maximum of 417 on the 4<sup>th</sup> of February and 239 on the 2<sup>nd</sup> of December).



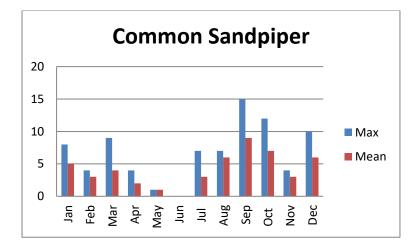
Little Stint Calidris minuta: Seen in January, February and September, always 2 birds.

**Common Snipe** *Gallinago gallinago*: Present from January to March and then from September until the end of the year, with a maximum of 8 in October.

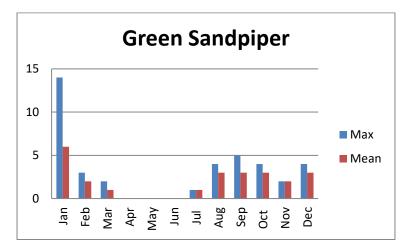




**Common Sandpiper** *Actitis hypoleucos*: Present all year, except in June with a maximum of 15 birds in September.



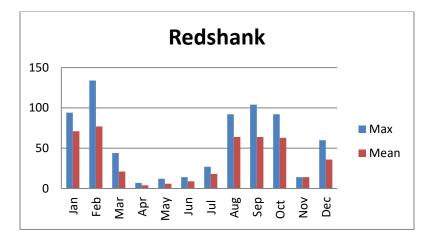
**Green Sandpiper** *Tringa ochropus*: Present between January and March, then between July and the end of the year, with a maximum of 14 birds in January.



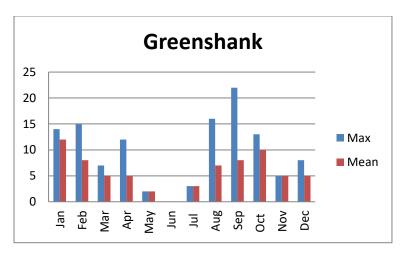
**Lesser Yellowlegs** *Tringa flavipes*: 1 at Abicada between the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> of January.



**Common Redshank** *Tringa totanus*: Present all year with higher numbers in autumn and winter (maximums of 134 on the 4<sup>th</sup> of February and 104 on the 13<sup>h</sup> of September, both at the Western Marsh).



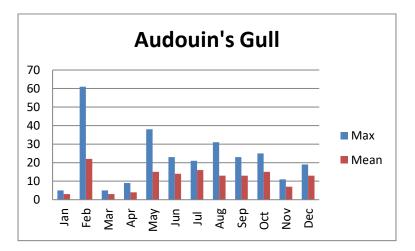
**Common Greenshank** *Tringa nebularia*: Present all year, except in June with a maximum of 22 birds on the 23<sup>rd</sup> of September.



**Slender-billed Gull** *Chroicocephalus genei*: 2 sightings: 2 on the 25<sup>th</sup> of March and the 3<sup>rd</sup> of April at the estuary.

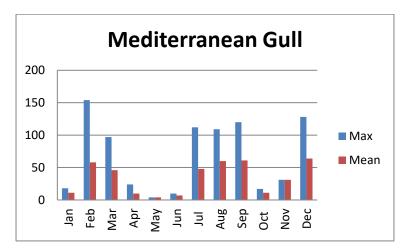
Black-headed Gull Chroicocephalus ridibundus: Present all year, except in May and June.



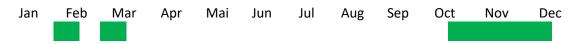


**Audouin's Gull** *Ichthyaetus audouinii*: Present all year with a maximum of 61 birds on the 6<sup>th</sup> of February.

**Mediterranean Gull** *Ichthyaetus melanocephalus*: Present all year with a maximum of 154 on the 1<sup>st</sup> of February.



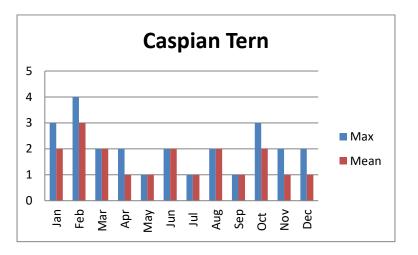
**Great Black-backed Gull** *Larus marinus*: Seen in February, March and between October and the end of the year, always only 1 bird.



**Yellow-legged Gull** *Larus michahellis*: Present all year. 4 ringed birds were found during the year (all from Portugal).

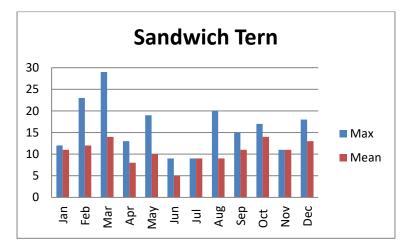
Lesser Black-backed Gull Larus fuscus: Present all year.



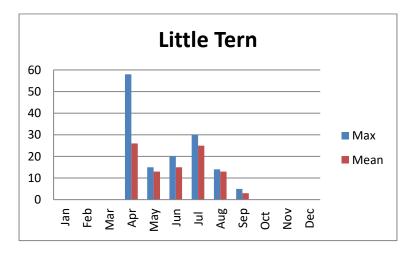


**Caspian Tern** *Hydroprogne caspia*: Present all year, with a maximum of 4 birds in February.

Sandwich Tern *Thalasseus sandvicensis*: Present all year, with a maximum of 29 birds on the 6<sup>th</sup> of March.



**Little Tern** *Sternula albifrons*: Present between the beginning of April (first birds seen on the 3<sup>rd</sup>) and mid-September (last bird seen on the 18<sup>th</sup>), with a maximum of 58 on the 15<sup>th</sup> of April.





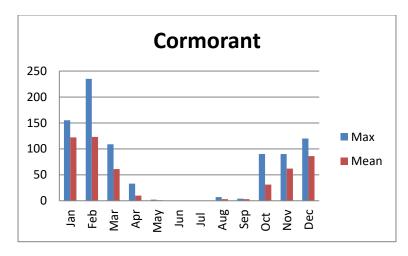
**Common Tern** *Sterna hirundo*: 2 on the 11<sup>th</sup> of August.

**Cory's Shearwater** *Calonectris borealis*: 8 on the 8<sup>th</sup> of August seen from Alvor beach.

White Stork *Ciconia ciconia*: Present all year (maximum of 400 in August). 1 bird ringed in Portugal was controlled at the Western Marsh.

**Northern Gannet** *Morus bassanus*: Detected all year except in September. This species is probably under detected.

**Great Cormorant** *Phalacrocorax carbo*: Present between January and June, with a maximum of 235 on the 4<sup>th</sup> of February. Then, present from August until the end of the year with a maximum of 120 on the 11<sup>th</sup> of December.

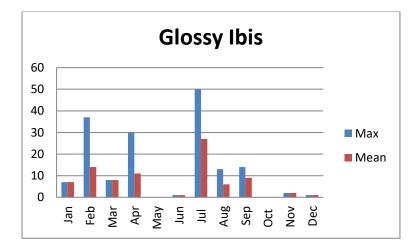


**Shag** *Phalacrocorax aristotelis*: 2 seen from Alvor beach on the 14<sup>th</sup> of January.

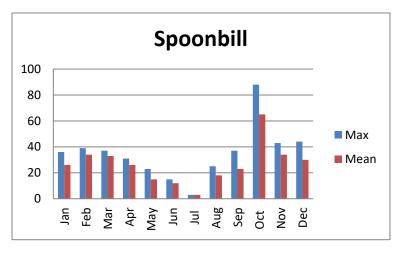
**African Sacred Ibis** *Threskiornis aethiopicus*: 1 on the 26<sup>th</sup> of February at Alvor dunes. The origin of this bird is uncertain.



**Glossy Ibis** *Plegadis falcinellus*: Seen all year except in May and October. Maximum of 50 birds on the 10<sup>th</sup> of July.



**Eurasian Spoonbill** *Platalea leucorodia*: Present all year with higher numbers in autumn and winter (maximums of 39 in February and 88 in October, a new record, both at the Western Marsh). 6 ringed birds have been controlled over the year, all from the Netherlands. Several of these birds are regular winter visitors.



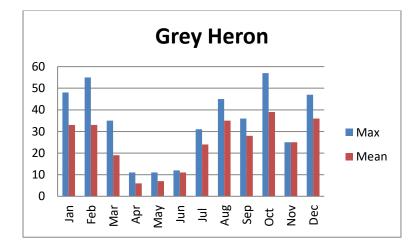
Little Bittern Ixobrychus minutus: 1 on the 28<sup>th</sup> of January at the Western Marsh.

**Black-crowned Night Heron** *Nycticorax nycticorax*: 1 on the 23<sup>rd</sup> of March.

Western Cattle Egret Bubulcus ibis: Present all year.



**Grey Heron** *Ardea cinerea*: Present all year with higher numbers in autumn and winter (maximum of 55 on the 4<sup>th</sup> of February and 57 on the 14<sup>th</sup> of October, both at the Western Marsh).

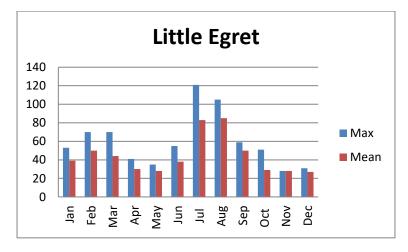


**Purple Heron** *Ardea purpurea*: Maximum of 2 birds recorded between mid-April and the end of July at the Western Marsh and then a sighting on the 18<sup>th</sup> of September.



**Great White Egret** Ardea *alba*: 1 bird seen all year except in November. A second bird was reported once in February.

**Little Egret** *Egretta garzetta*: Present all year; maximum of 121 at the Western Marsh on the 24<sup>th</sup> of July, a new record.



**Western Osprey** *Pandion haliaetus*: Seen all year, maximum of 2 birds. 1 bird ringed in Germany was controlled and a British bird was found dead near Abicada.

Black-winged Kite Elanus caeruleus: Seen all year except in June and August.

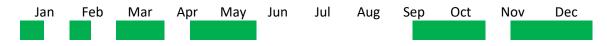


**Griffon Vulture** *Gyps fulvus*: 52 over Abicada on the 1<sup>st</sup> of November.

**Short-toed Snake Eagle** *Circaetus gallicus*: First sighting on the 4<sup>th</sup> of March, then seen until the end of September.



**Booted Eagle** *Hieraaetus pennatus*: Seen between January and May and between September and the end of the year (maximum of 3 birds on the 29<sup>th</sup> of October).



**Bonelli's Eagle** *Aquila fasciata*: 4 sightings: 1 immature seen from the Western Marsh on the 20<sup>th</sup> of January, 1 immature (2<sup>nd</sup> year) over Abicada on the 26<sup>th</sup> of February, 1 juvenile over Abicada on the 23<sup>rd</sup> of August and 2 juveniles over Quinta da Rocha, flying West, on the 27<sup>th</sup> of October. There were only 6 sightings until 2020.

**Eurasian Sparrowhawk** *Accipiter nisus*: 2 sightings: 1 on the 19<sup>th</sup> of February at Cruzinha and 1 on the 5<sup>th</sup> of December at Abicada.

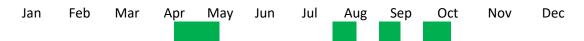
**Northern Goshawk** Accipiter gentilis: 1 juvenile seen on the 9<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> of November near Cruzinha.

Western Marsh Harrier Circus aeruginosus: Present all year.

**Hen Harrier** *Circus cyaneus*: 2 sightings: 1 on the 15<sup>th</sup> of March and 1 on the 4<sup>th</sup> of December.

**Red Kite** *Milvus milvus*: 1 on the 30<sup>th</sup> October over Quinta da Rocha.

Black Kite Milvus migrans: Seen in April, May, and between August and October.



**Common Buzzard** *Buteo buteo*: Present between January and April and then from October until the end of the year.



Western Barn Owl Tyto alba: 1 on the 3<sup>rd</sup> of February.

Little Owl Athene noctua: Present all year.



Eurasian Hoopoe Upupa epops: Present all year.

Common Kingfisher Alcedo atthis: Seen all year, except in April.

**European Bee-eater** *Merops apiaster*: Present from the 6<sup>th</sup> of April until the mid-September.



**Eurasian Wryneck** *Jynx torquilla*: 2 sightings during the year: 1 on the 16<sup>th</sup> of November at Abicada and 1 on the 17<sup>th</sup> of December at Cruzinha.

Lesser Spotted Woodpecker Dryobates minor: Seen all year except in April and October.



**Great Spotted Woodpecker** *Dendrocopos major*: Seen all year except in May and October.



Iberian Green Woodpecker Picus sharpei: Present all year.

Common Kestrel Falco tinnunculus: Present all year.

**Hobby** *Falco subbuteo*: 1 on the 4<sup>th</sup> of October

**Peregrine Falcon** *Falco peregrinus*: Seen between January and the end of March, in May, June, August, and December.





**Woodchat Shrike** *Lanius senator*: Present from the 5<sup>th</sup> of March until the beginning of September. No sightings in June.



**Eurasian Golden Oriole** *Oriolus oriolus*: First detected on the 22<sup>nd</sup> of April, then present until mid-September.



**Eurasian Jay** *Garrulus glandarius*: 1 on the 29<sup>th</sup> of May.

Iberian Magpie Cyanopica cooki: Present all year.

**Eurasian Magpie** *Pica pica*: Seen all year except in July and December. Maximum of 5 birds on the 2<sup>nd</sup> of May.



**Western Jackdaw** *Coloeus monedula*: Seen between January and April, in June and in October and November. Maximum of 20 birds in January.





Eurasian Blue Tit Cyanistes caeruleus: Present all year.

Great Tit Parus major: Present all year.

Eurasian Penduline Tit *Remiz pendulinus*: 4 on the 7<sup>th</sup> of February at Abicada.



**Eurasian Skylark** *Alauda arvensis*: Present between January and mid-March and then from the beginning of November until the end of the year.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

Crested Lark Galerida cristata: Present all year.

**Greater Short-toed Lark** *Calandrella brachydactyla*: Only 2 sightings: 1 on the 15<sup>th</sup> of May at the Western Marsh and 2 on the 18<sup>th</sup> of September.

**Sand Martin** *Riparia riparia*: 3 sightings during the year: 1 on the 1<sup>st</sup> of March at Abicada, 1 on the 10<sup>th</sup> of August and 1 on the 23<sup>rd</sup> of September at the Western Marsh.

**Barn Swallow** *Hirundo rustica*: Present all year, except in November.

**Eurasian Crag Martin** *Ptyonoprogne rupestris*: Present from January until mid-March and then from the end of October until the end of the year.



**Common House Martin** *Delichon urbicum*: Present from the 26<sup>th</sup> of January until the end of September. 1 bird on the 5<sup>th</sup> of December at Abicada.



**Red-rumped Swallow** *Cecropis daurica*: Present from the 27<sup>th</sup> of February (1 bird) until the end of October.



Cetti's Warbler Cettia cetti: Recorded all year, mostly at Abicada.

**Long-tailed Tit** *Aegithalos caudatus*: Seen between January and April, in July and August, and in December. A bird carrying nest material was seen in March near Cruzinha.





Western Bonelli's Warbler *Phylloscopus bonelli*: Present between the end of July and the beginning of September.

Willow Warbler Phylloscopus trochilus: Present between mid-August and the end of October.

**Common Chiffchaff** *Phylloscopus collybita*: Present from January until the beginning of April, 1 on the 11<sup>th</sup> of June caught at Cruzinha, and then present from the beginning of September until the end of the year.



**Iberian Chiffchaff** *Phylloscopus ibericus*: 1 on the 24<sup>th</sup> of August.

**Sedge Warbler** Acrocephalus schoenobaenus: 1 on the 17<sup>th</sup> of September caught at Cruzinha.

**Eurasian Reed Warbler** *Acrocephalus scirpaceus*: Present between May and mid-October, mostly at Abicada.



**Melodious Warbler** *Hippolais polyglotta*: Present between the end of July and the end of September.

Savi's Warbler Locustella luscinioides: 1 bird singing at Abicada in May and June.

**Common Grasshopper Warbler** *Locustella naevia*: 1 caught and ringed at Cruzinha on the 30<sup>th</sup> of September.

Zitting Cisticola Cisticola juncidis Present all year.

**Eurasian Blackcap** *Sylvia atricapilla*: Present between January and the beginning of May, a sighting in July, and then present from the end of September until the end of the year.



**Garden Warbler** *Sylvia borin*: 2 on the 23<sup>rd</sup> of April and present between the end of August and mid-October. 1 bird ringed in Norway was caught at Cruzinha.

Sardinian Warbler Curruca melanocephala: Present all year.

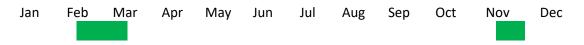
**Western Subalpine Warbler** *Curruca iberiae*: Recorded between the end of August and the beginning of October.

**Common Whitethroat** *Curruca communis*: 1 bird on the 6<sup>th</sup> of September.



**Dartford Warbler** *Curruca undata*: 1 on the 22<sup>nd</sup> of February at Alvor dunes and 1 on the 17<sup>th</sup> of November.

**Common Firecrest** *Regulus ignicapilla*: Present in February and March and in November.



Eurasian Wren Troglodytes troglodytes: Present all year.

Short-toed Treecreeper Certhia brachydactyla: Present all year.

**Common Starling** *Sturnus vulgaris*: Present in January and February and between the end of October and the end of the year with a maximum of 27 birds in December.

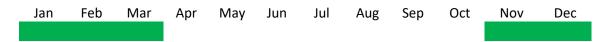


**Spotless Starling** *Sturnus unicolor*: Present all year.

Common Blackbird Turdus merula: Present all year.

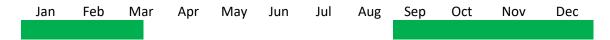
**Redwing** *Turdus iliacus*: 1 on the 16<sup>th</sup> of January and 1 on the 23<sup>rd</sup> of November.

**Song Thrush** *Turdus philomelos*: Present from January until the end of March, then from November until the end of the year.



Spotted Flycatcher Muscicapa striata: Present in September and October.

**European Robin** *Erithacus rubecula*: Present from January until mid-March, then from the end of September until the end of the year.

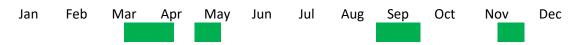


**Bluethroat** *Luscinia svecica*: Present from January until the end of March. Then, from the beginning of September until the end of the year.

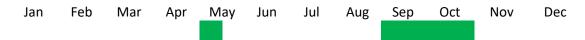
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec



**Common Nightingale** *Luscinia megarhynchos*: Detected from the 19<sup>th</sup> of March until the beginning of May, then recorded in September and 1 bird on the 19<sup>th</sup> of November, one of the latest records.



**European Pied Flycatcher** *Ficedula hypoleuca*: 1 sighting in May and then present in September and October.



**Black Redstart** *Phoenicurus ochruros*: Present between January and mid-March and then from the end of October until the end of the year.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

**Common Redstart** *Phoenicurus phoenicurus*: 2 sightings: 1 on the 4<sup>th</sup> and 1 on the 9<sup>th</sup> of October.

**Whinchat** *Saxicola rubetra*: Recorded between the 13<sup>th</sup> of September and the 31<sup>st</sup> of October.

European Stonechat Saxicola rubicola: Present all year.

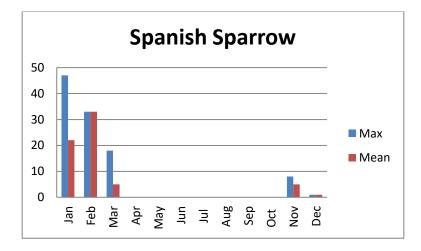
**Northern Wheatear** *Oenanthe oenanthe*: 1 on the 18<sup>th</sup> of March. Then, present from the beginning of September until the end of November.

Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

House Sparrow Passer domesticus: Present all year.



**Spanish Sparrow** *Passer hispaniolensis*: Present from January to mid-March, and from November until the end of the year, with a maximum of 47 birds on the 29<sup>th</sup> of January.



**Rock Sparrow** *Petronia petronia*: 1 on the 1<sup>st</sup> of February at Quinta da Rocha.

Common Waxbill Estrilda astrild: Present all year.

Western Yellow Wagtail Motacilla flava: Present from the 26<sup>th</sup> of February until the beginning of October.



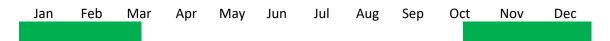
**Grey Wagtail** *Motacilla cinerea*: Seen between January and mid-March, in May and June, and between mid-September and the end of the year.



White Wagtail Motacilla alba: Present all year except in July.

Tawny Pipit Anthus campestris: 1 bird on the 1<sup>st</sup> of May near Cruzinha.

**Meadow Pipit** *Anthus pratensis*: Present from January until mid-March, then from mid-October until the end of the year.



**Tree Pipit** *Anthus trivialis*: 3 sightings: 1 heard on the 8<sup>th</sup> of April at Cruzinha, 1 on the 13<sup>th</sup> of September at Abicada, 1 heard on the 1<sup>st</sup> of October near Cruzinha.



**Water Pipit** *Anthus spinoletta*: Present between January and mid-April. Then, present from the end of October until the end of the year.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

**Common Chaffinch** *Fringilla coelebs*: Present from January until the end of March, and then from November until the end of the year.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

European Greenfinch Chloris chloris: Present all year.

**Common Linnet** *Linaria cannabina*: Present all year.

European Goldfinch Carduelis carduelis: Present all year.

European Serin Serinus serinus: Present all year.

Eurasian Siskin Spinus spinus: Present between January and mid-March and in November and December.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

Corn Bunting Emberiza calandra: Present all year.

**Common Reed Bunting** *Emberiza schoeniclus*: 1 to 2 birds in January and then 2 in November and December, all at Abicada.

2020 was another good year for sightings at the Ria de Alvor. This was possible thanks to all the birders who were in the area and registered all their observations. A very big thank you to: Filipa Bragança, Lars Gonçalves, Susana Almeida, Nigel Genn, Luis Santos, Alexandre Guerreiro, John Cook, James Telford, Margarida Baptista, Henrique Perreira, Joaquim Simão, Mario and Ricardo Estevens, Pascal and Véronique Quint, Jo Conway, Richard Dann, Sergio Correia, Marcial Felgueiras, Isabel Soares.



## Common Eider - Estuary © G.Réthoré





Grey Heron, Little and Great White Egrets – Western Marsh © G.Réthoré

Greater Flamingos - Abicada © G.Réthoré

